



***Software Defined RAN  
(SDRAN) Evolution***  
*- Challenges & Opportunities*

June 7, 2016

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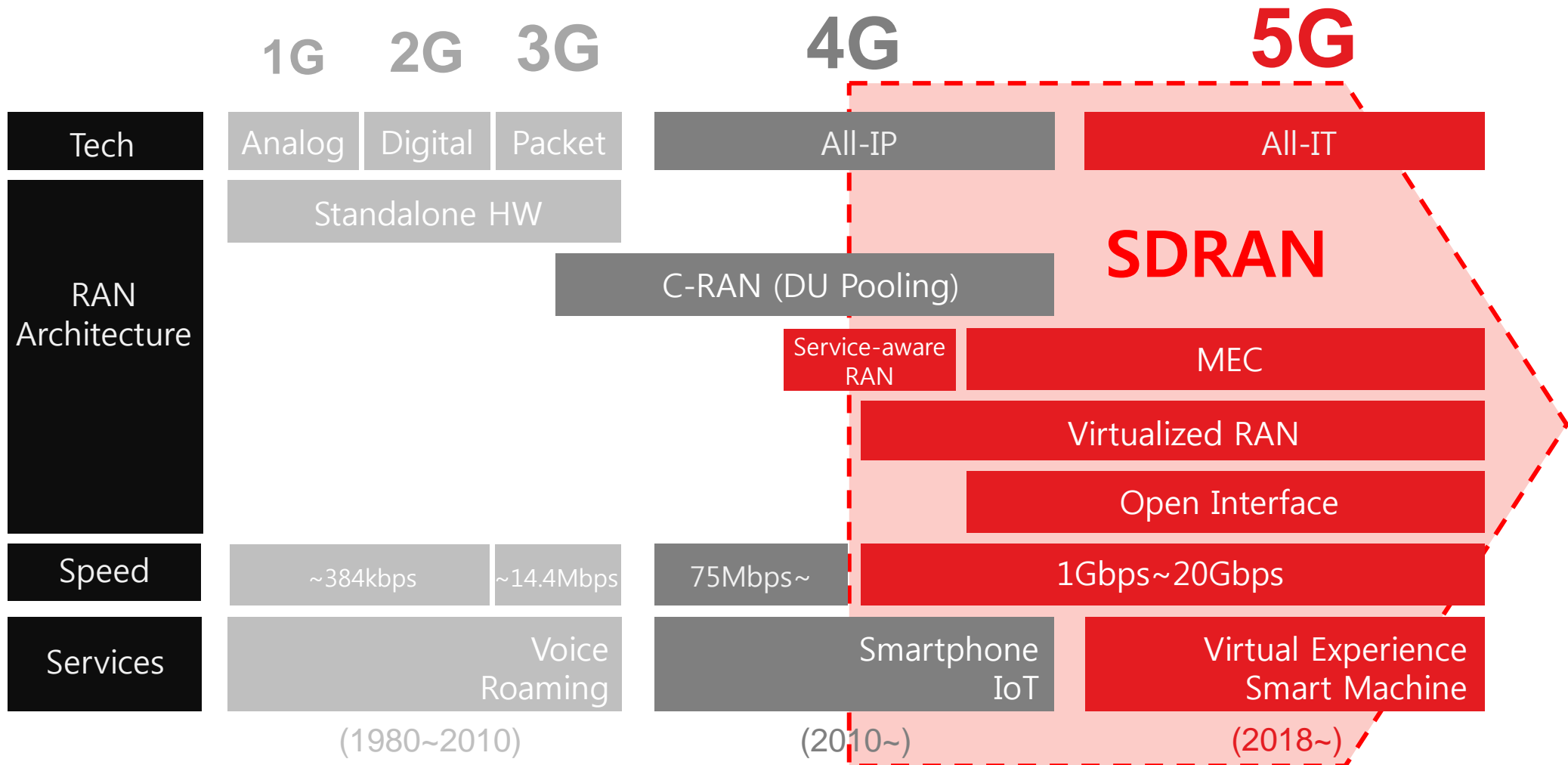
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# History of Mobile Network Evolution

## RAN Evolution Direction



# Operator Challenges

Current HW-centric mobile infrastructure leads to inefficiency when

- Re-allocating radio resources dynamically to cope with the change of traffic
- Introducing and providing customized/innovative services
- Upgrading Telco functionalities

**Inefficient utilization  
of radio resources**



**Inability to customize  
for various customers**



**High upgrade  
costs**

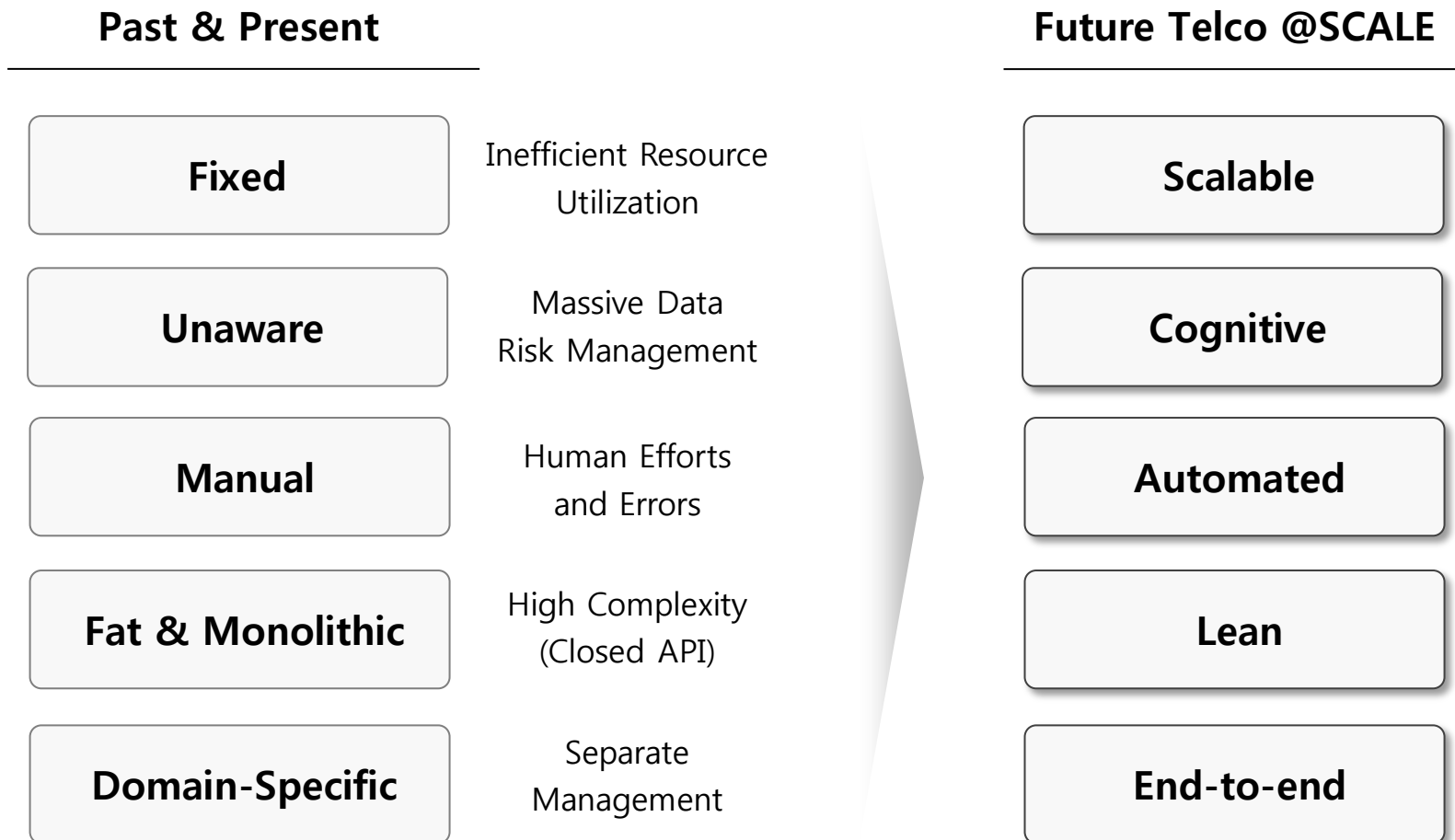


**Mobile infrastructure needs re-architecting**

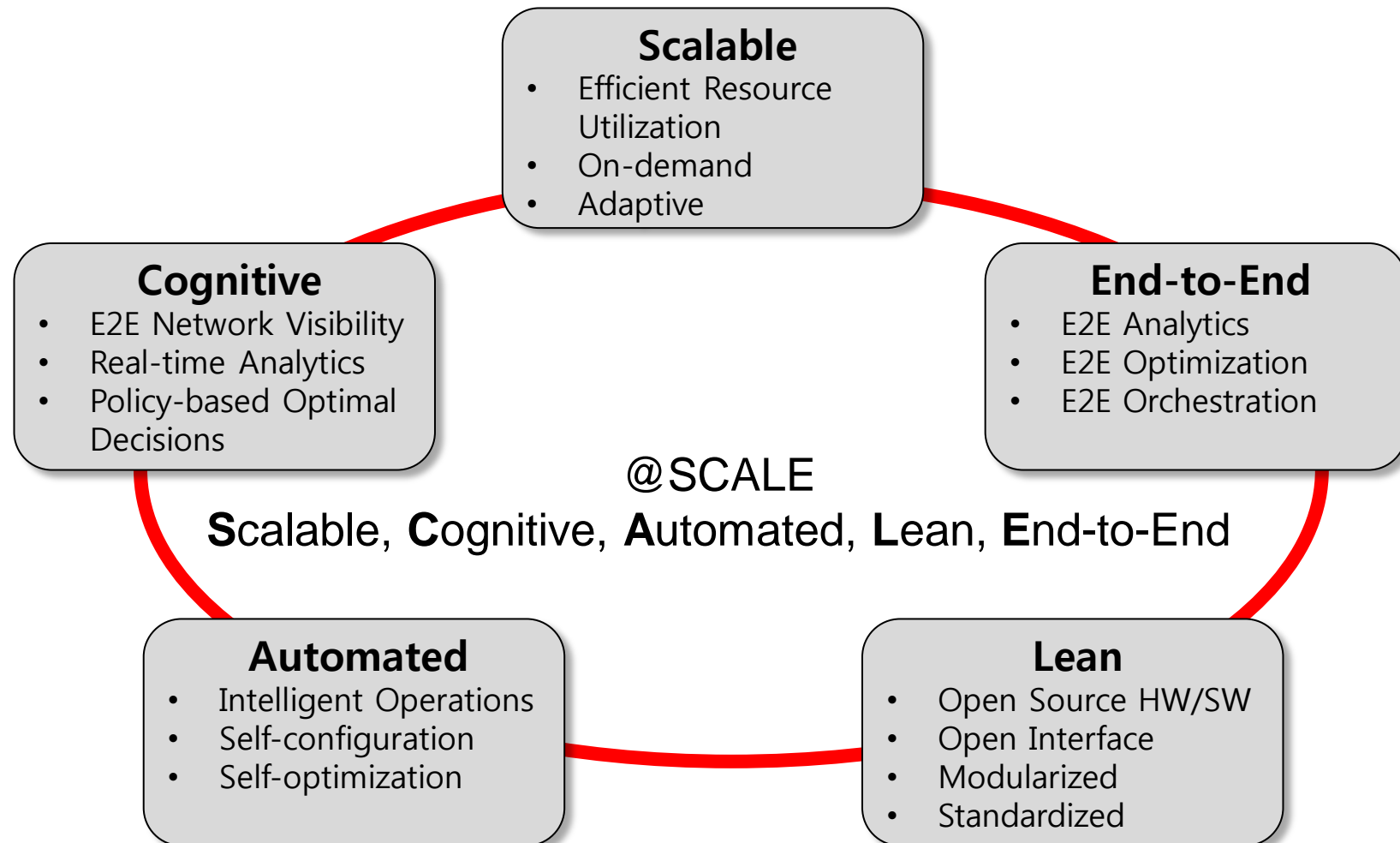
# Re-architecting the RAN

## Direction of SKT's Future RAN Architecture

- Network that fulfills diverse requirements/services **at-scale**
- @SCALE: **S**calable, **C**ognitive, and **A**utomated, **L**ean, **E**nd-to-end



*SKT's future RAN will be  
"Scalable", "Cognitive", "Automated", "Lean", and "End-to-End"*



## 4 Basic Principles

### “Unbundling”

- Software/Hardware Decoupling
- Unbundled Function Blocks
- Control-/User-plane Separation

### “Open”

- Open Source Software (OpenStack, ONOS)
- Open Hardware (OCP, TIP)
- Open Interface (Fronthaul, API)

### “Softwarization”

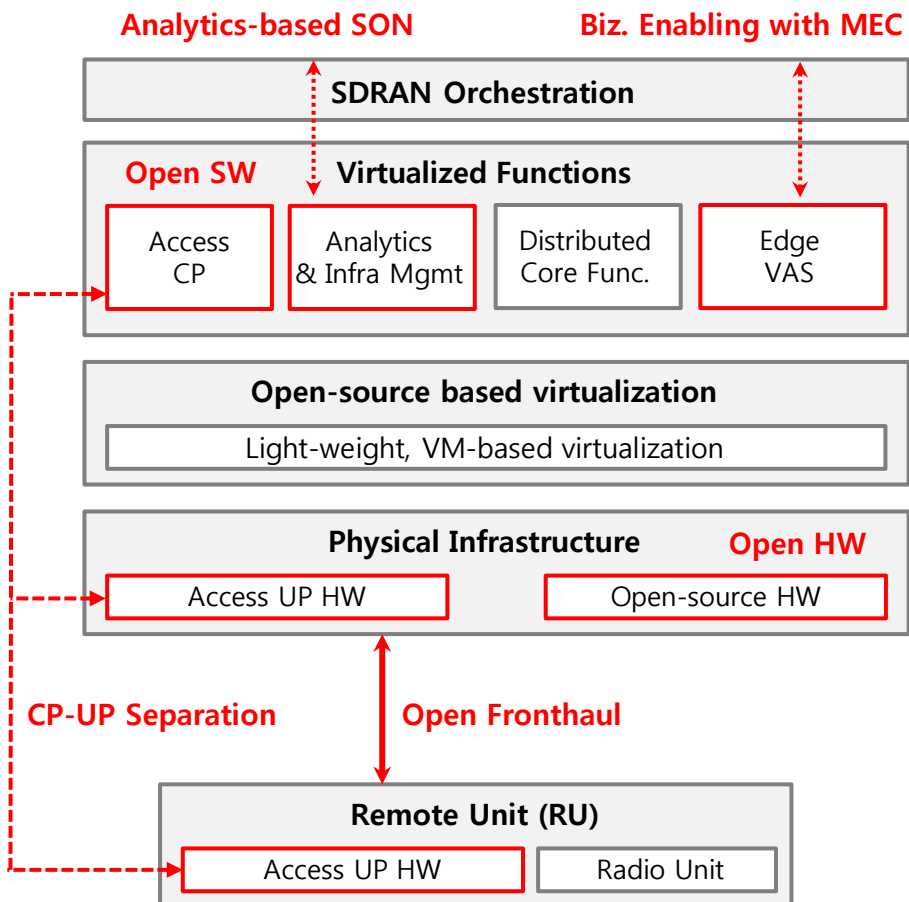
- NFV (Network Functions Virtualization)
- SDN (Software Defined Networking)
- Orchestration & Network Slicing (XaaS)

### “Cloudification”

- Cloud-based “All IT” Infra
- SDN-enabled Fabric
- Re-architecting as a Data Center

## Software-based "All-IT" network infrastructure with open RAN innovations

### SDRAN Architecture



### Key Values

#### 1 Open Architecture

- Network function virtualization
- Open interface (fronthaul, service API)
- CP-UP separation
- Open HW and SW

#### 2 Operational Intelligence

- SW-based risk management
- Auto Recovery
- Reconfiguration without service interruption
- Automated operation and optimization with real-time analytics

#### 3 Biz. Enabling Platform

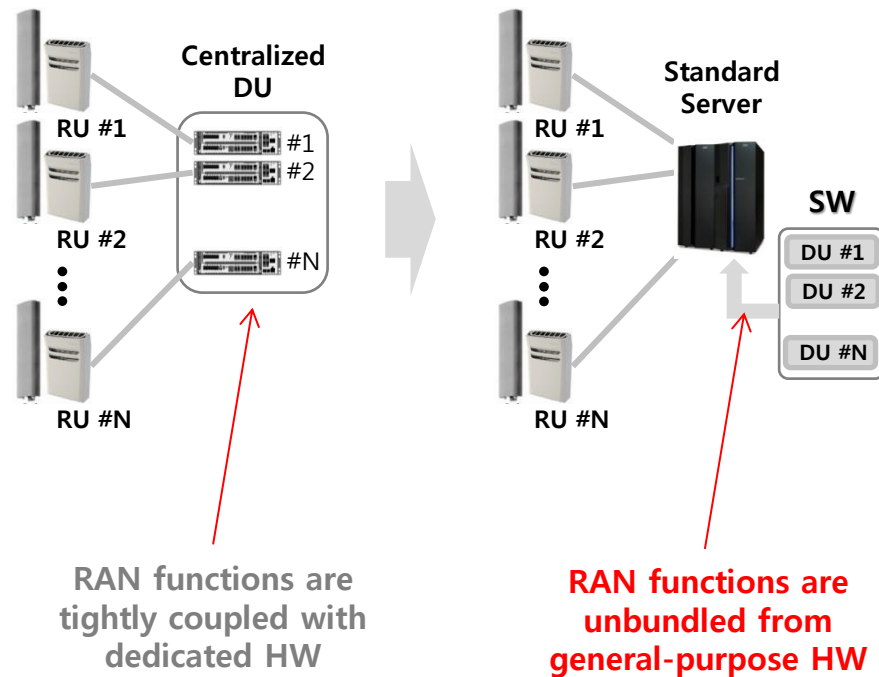
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party services
- Rapid Creation of Innovative Services
- Edge service slicing



# SDRAN - Enabling Features (1/5)

## Network Function Virtualization

- Apply IT virtualization technologies to Telco infrastructure



## Requirements

- RAN functions are virtualized on any COTS (standard servers) on the market
- Meet carrier-grade performance requirements, such as real-time processing and availability

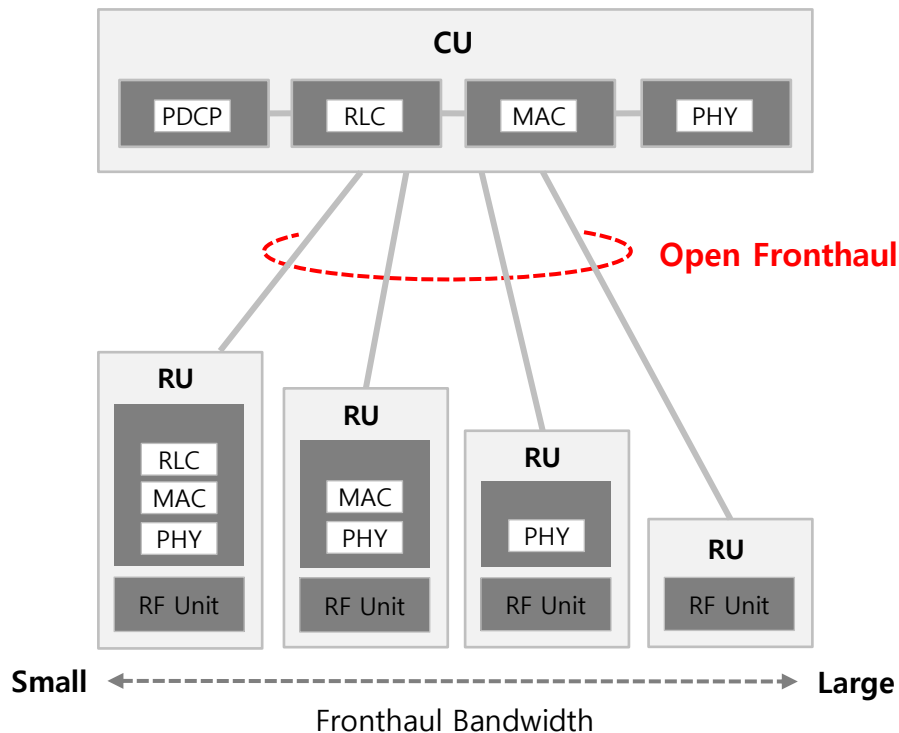
## Benefits

- Open source solution, e.g., OpenStack, is already widely used in the industry
- Brings pooling gains, i.e., enables efficient use of hardware resources
- Cost-efficiency by using general purpose computing platforms

# SDRAN - Enabling Features (2/5)

## Open Fronthaul with Function Split

- Unbundling central unit (CU) and remote unit (RU)



## Requirements

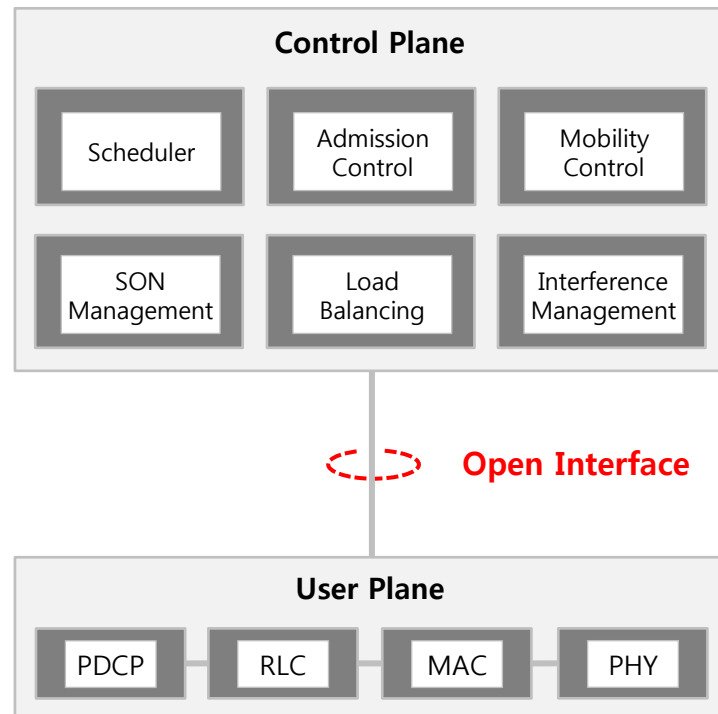
- Support flexible function split between CU and RU
- Define open interface for fronthaul, especially O&M related specifications
- Show multi-vendor interoperability with compliance testing

## Benefits

- Select best combination of CU and RU in terms of costs, fronthaul bandwidth, and coordination
- Cost-efficiency by leveraging wide ecosystem

## CP-UP Separation

- Unbundling control plane (CP) and user plane (UP)



## Requirements

- Define CP functions which can be differentiated by each operator (scheduler, admission control, handoff control, SON management, load balancing, interference management, link aggregation, multi-RAT management, etc.)
- Define open interface between CP and UP
- CP run as virtualized function
- UP run on standardized and dedicated hardware

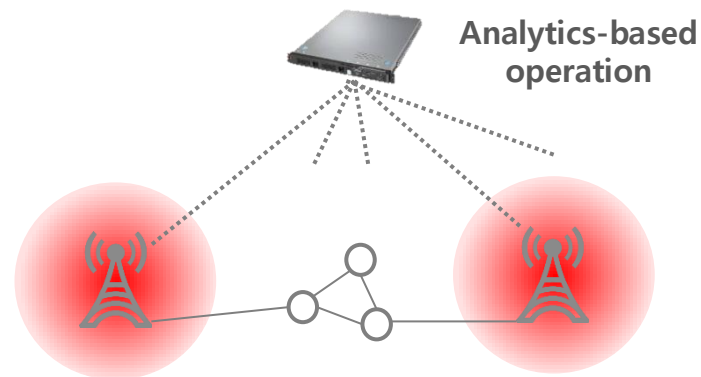
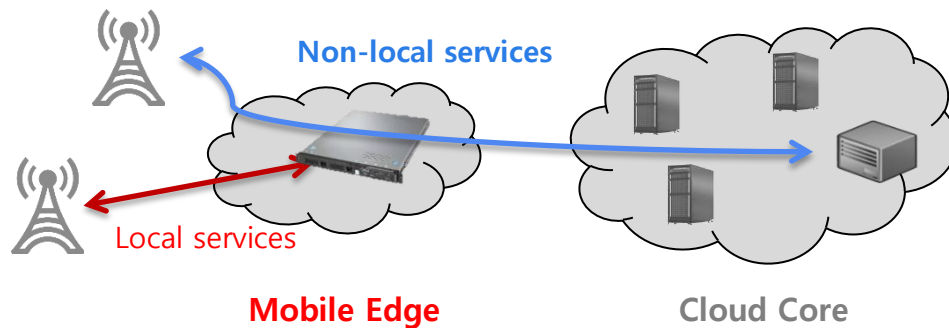
## Benefits

- Separate HW expansion of CP and UP
- Enables RAN slicing
- Operators can introduce differentiated CP
- Cost-efficiency by using GPP and/or commoditized UP hardware

# SDRAN - Enabling Features (4/5)

## Open API for MEC & Analytics

- Provides additional information for non-telco applications



## Requirements

- Define open API for
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> party applications
  - Analytics functions
- Need to provide necessary information, for example, radio condition, user information, resource allocation, etc.

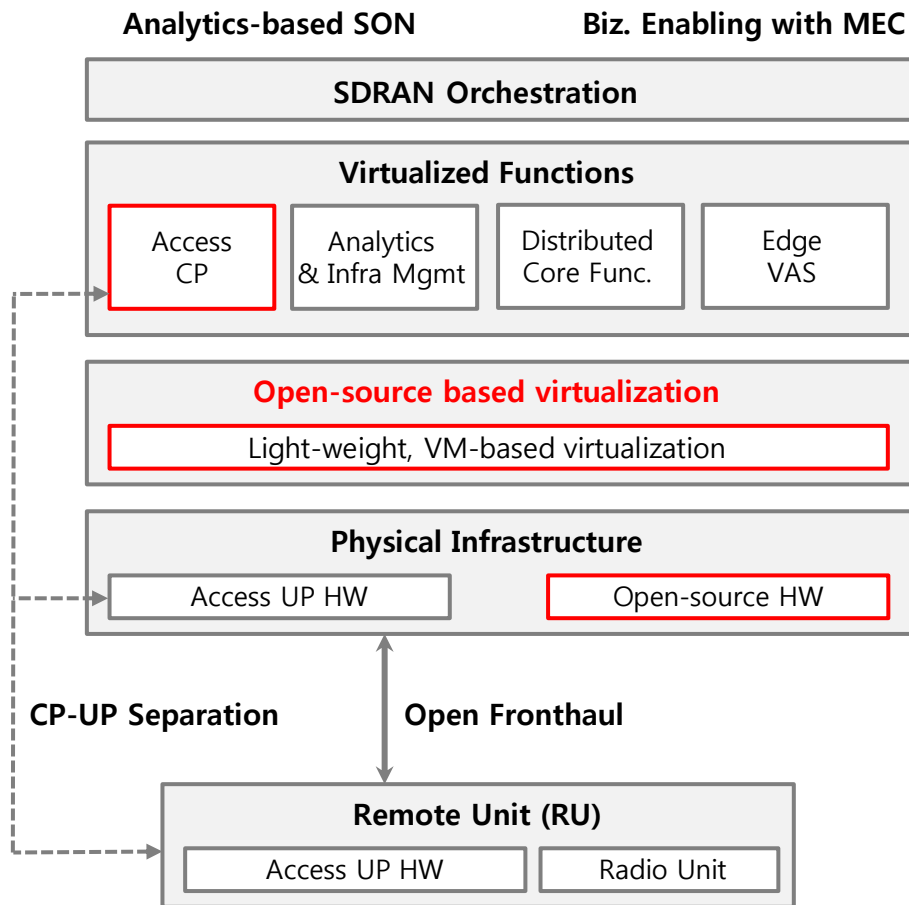
## Benefits

- Brings operational intelligence (risk management, automated operations, and optimization) to operators using real-time analytics
- Brings new business opportunities with mobile edge computing platform

# SDRAN - Enabling Features (5/5)

## Open HW/SW

- Standardize HW components and modularize SW components



## Requirements

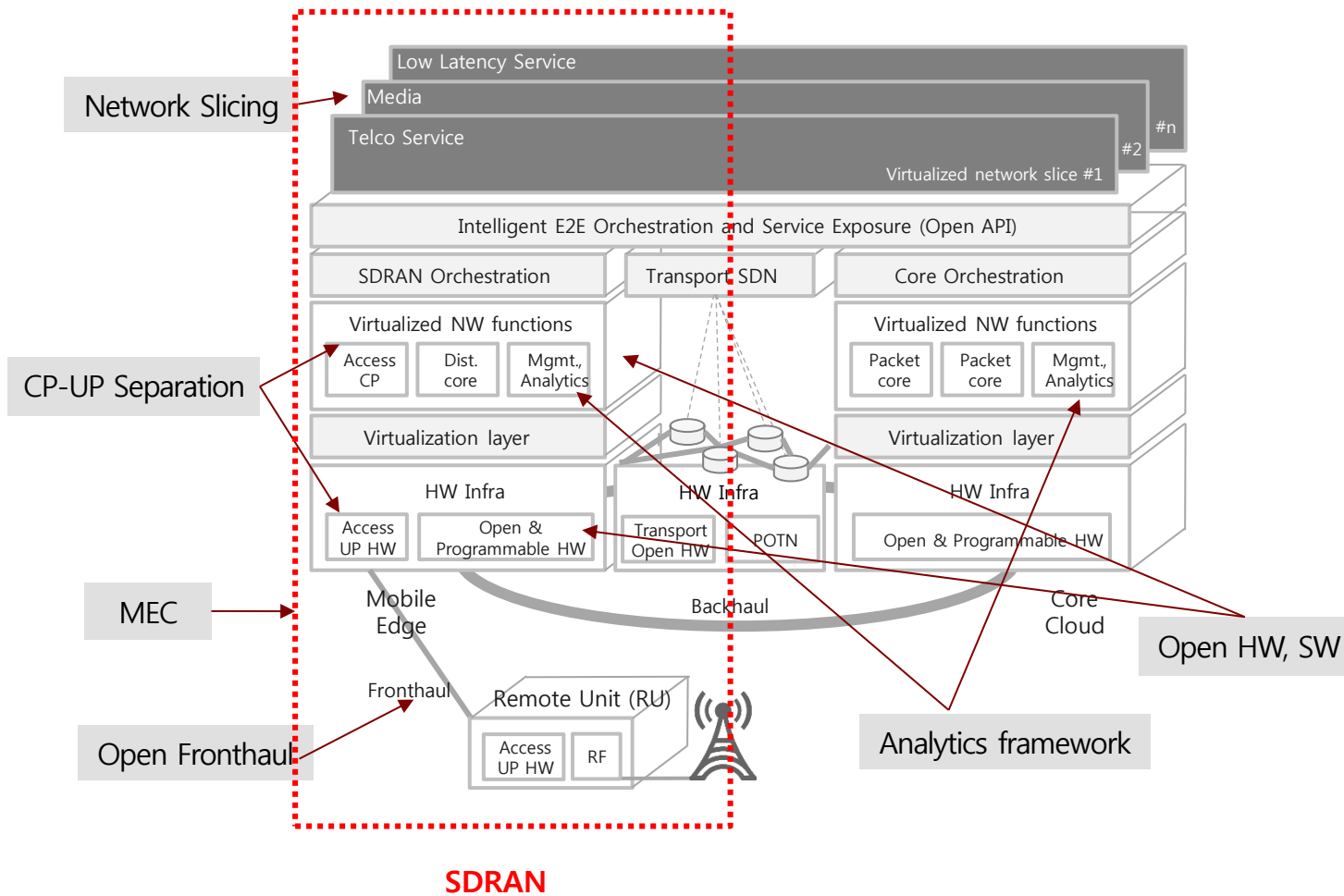
- Define common specifications for HW components such as server, switch, storage, rack, etc.
- Define open interface between SW components (L1, L2, L3)

## Benefits

- OCP has proven that openness and collaboration can successfully drive innovations on HW technologies for data centers
- Provides power efficiency, flexibility, and scalability
- Cost-efficiency with standardized HW components

# SDRAN – Extension to E2E Architecture

*SDRAN will complete the end-to-end “AtSCALE” network infrastructure*



- Each area (access, transport, and core) is now being virtualized using technologies like NFV and SDN
- E2E orchestrator connects access, transport, and core networks, and provides managements of services in the aspect of the end-to-end connection

## *Operator Opportunities provided by SDRAN*

### Operational Intelligence



Real-time Big Data Analytics  
Automated Operations  
Zero-touch Network



### New Business



Edge Service Platform  
Innovative Services



### Customer Experience



Real-time Optimization  
Service Agility



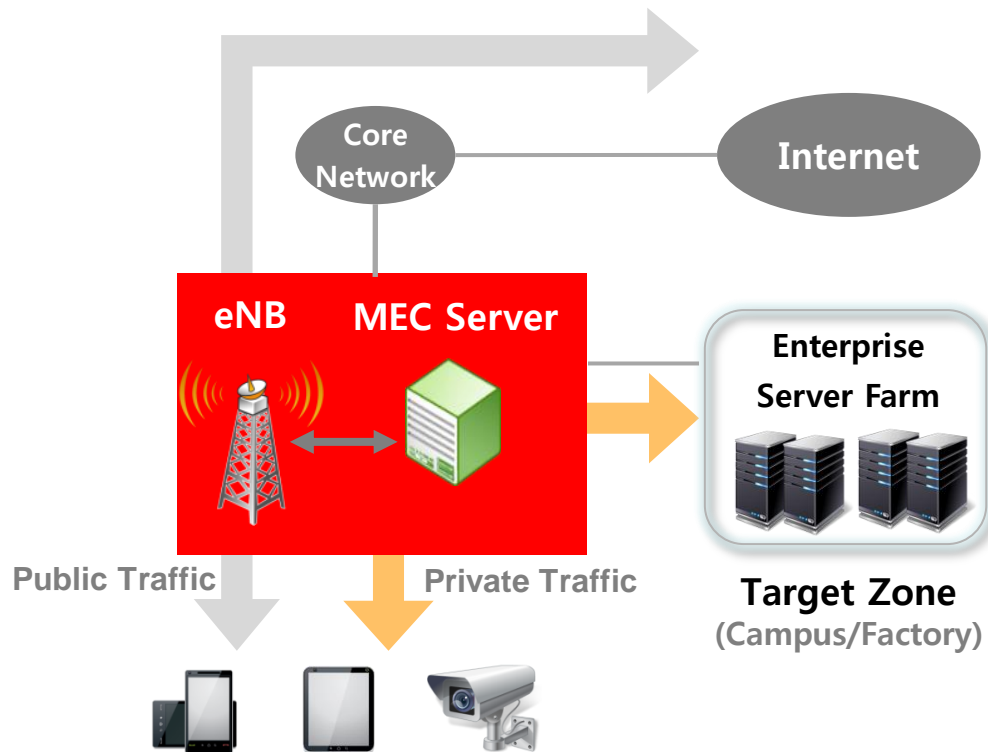
### Cost-efficiency



Unbundled RAN Components  
Multi-vendor Interoperability

## New Business

- "Proximity to end users" brought by mobile edge computing platform brings new opportunities to operators to create new business models
- Example: **Private Network**
  - Local routing and traffic control for enabling the smart work service with high security



## Customer Experience

- Low latency enabled by mobile edge service platform will enhance the customer experience in certain applications like **AR** and **VR**
- Low latency will create new services like **self-driving car** and **robotic surgery** which have been impossible in existing networks





## IT World

vs.

## Telco World



### **Simplicity & Flexibility**

Programmability  
Easy-to-reconfigure  
Open

### **99.999% Reliability & Availability**

Stability  
Deterministic performance  
Standard

## *Challenges SDRAN needs to deal with*

Mission Critical



RAN Slicing  
CP-UP Separation

Real-time Processing



Distributed System with  
Function Split  
HW Accelerator

System Integration



Open Interface  
Compliance Testing

Reliability



Operational Intelligence

# Global Collaboration

*SK telecom is committed to open source and standards-based solutions  
We are carrying out various R&D projects to verify the SDRAN concept & performance in  
collaboration with global telco/IT companies*



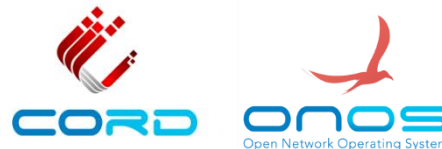
Gold Member  
OCP Telco Project











Founding Member  
Board Chair

**ON.LAB**

Member and Collaborator  
CORD and ONOS Partner

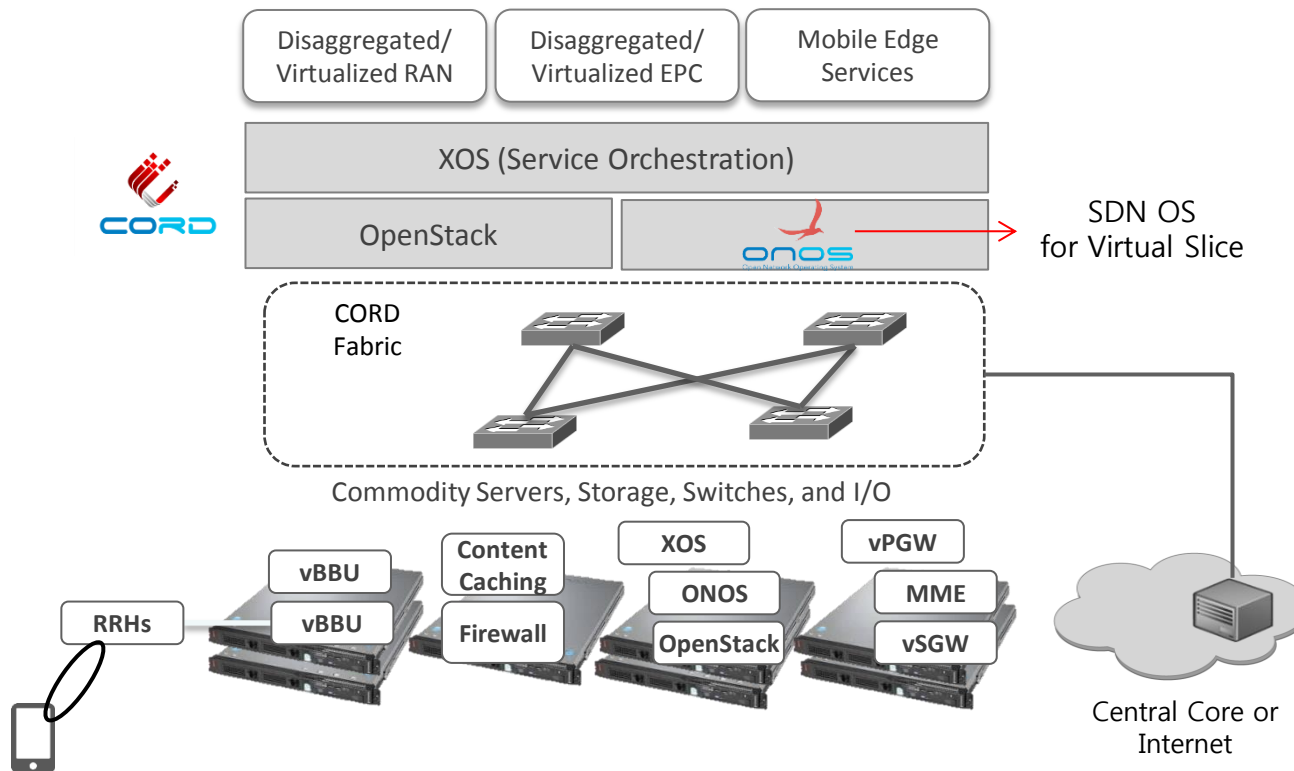


- **Open Compute Project (OCP)**
  - Redesigning hardware to efficiently support the growing demands on IT infrastructure
  - Break and open the black box of proprietary infrastructure, making it more efficient, flexible, and scalable
- **8 Projects + Telco Project (created on Jan. 2016)**
  - OCP Telco Project. Focus on data center technologies for telecom companies

<p><b>Server</b></p>  <p>Open Compute motherboards are power-optimized, barebones designs that provide the lowest capital and...</p> <p><a href="#">Learn More</a></p>	<p><b>Storage</b></p>  <p>Storage is a key component of any data center, and offers many opportunities for efficiency ...</p> <p><a href="#">Learn More</a></p>	<p><b>Data Center Design</b></p>  <p>Designed in tandem with Open Compute servers, the data center maximizes mechanical...</p> <p><a href="#">Learn More</a></p>	<p><b>Open Rack</b></p>  <p>The first rack standard that's designed for data centers...</p>
<p><b>Networking</b></p>  <p>Designing fully open network technology stacks.</p> <p><a href="#">Learn More</a></p>	<p><b>Hardware Management</b></p>  <p>Designing remote management tools...</p> <p><a href="#">Learn More</a></p>	<p><b>Certification</b></p>  <p>Designing standards for Solution Providers...</p> <p><a href="#">Learn More</a></p>	<p><b>HPC</b></p>  <p>Commoditizing and standardizing HPC interfaces</p>

- **Mobile CORD (M-CORD)**
  - CORD (Central Office Re-architected as a DataCenter) extended to mobile network
- **M-CORD Vision**
  - Enable virtualized/disaggregated RAN and Core
  - Deploy network functions as services
  - Leverage best practices of SDN, NFV and Cloud

## M-CORD



## PoC Activities

- Real-time Analytics (SON)
- PGW C-/D-plane separation
- Low-latency Video
- Network Slicing
- Connectionless Service

# Summary

- SDRAN is RAN softwarization based on open architecture and open interfaces
- SDRAN transformation will be the key technology to
  - Simplify the network and enable cost-efficiency
  - Bring operational intelligence for network managements
  - Create new revenue streams with edge service platform
- Final goal is to develop a software-based “All-IT” telecom network infrastructure from the end-to-end perspective
- SKT is collaborating with best partners to implement the modular functions and integrate those blocks efficiently



